ORDER NO. TQD94126093C1

# Service Manua

Black and White Video Monitor

TR-990C

Chassis No. TMS1 Main Manual



This service literature is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the product or products dealt with in this service literature by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

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# 'anason

R-990C

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### THIS MODEL COMPLIES WITH DHHS RULES 21 CFR SUBCHAPTER J APPLICABLE AT DATE OF MANUF ACTURE.

# IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

There are special components used in this Video monitors sets which are important for safety. These parts are shaded on the schematic diagram and on the replacement parts list. It is essential that these critical parts should be replaced with manufacture's specified parts to prevent X-RADIATION, shock, fire, or other hazards. Do not modify the original design without permission of Panasonic Industrial Company.

### ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS MANUAL

ABL Automatic Beam Limiter
APF Active Power Filter
AVR Automatic Voltage Regulator

CRT Cathode Ray Tube
DY Deflection Yoke
FBT Flyback Transformer

# SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### **GENERAL GUIDELINES**

- It is advisable to insert an isolation transformer in the power line and AC supply before servicing a hot chassis.
- When servicing, observe the original lead dress, especially the lead dress in the high voltage circuits. If a short circuit is found, replace all parts which have been overheated or damaged by the short circuit.
- After servicing, see to it that all the protective devices such as insulation barriers, insulation papers, shields, and isolation R-C combinations, are properly installed.
- 4. Before turning the monitor on, measure the resistance between B+ line and chassis ground. Connect ⊕ side of an ohmmeter to the B+ lines, and ⊕ side to chassis ground. Each line should have more resistance than specified below.

Minimum Resistance
34.5Ω

- When the monitor is not to be used for a long period of time, unplug the power cord from the AC outlet.
- 6. Potentials, as high as 11.0 kV are present when this monitor is in operation. Operation of the monitor without the rear cover involves the danger of a shock hazard from the monitor power supply. Servicing should not be attempted by anyone who is not throughly familier with the precautions necessary when working on high voltage equipment. Always discharge the anode of the picture tube to the monitor chassis before handling the tube.
- After servicing, make the following leakage current checks to prevent the customer from being exposed to shock hazards.

# LEAKAGE CURRENT COLD CHECK

- 1. Unplug the AC cord and connect a jumper between the two prongs on the plug.
- 2. Turn on the monitor's power switch.
- 3. Measure the resistance value, with an ohmmeter, between the jumpered AC plug and each exposed metallic part on the monitor, such as screwheads, connector, control shafts, handle bracket, etc. When the exposed metallic part has a return path to the chassis, the reading should be  $1 M\Omega$  minimum. When the exposed metal does not have a return path to the chassis, the reading must be  $\infty$ .

# LEAKAGE CURRENT HOT CHECK (See figure 1.)

- Plug the AC cord directly into the AC outlet. DO NOT use an isolation transformer during this check.
- 2. Connect a 1.5 k  $\Omega$ , 10 watts resistor, in parallel with a 0.15  $\mu$  F capacitor, between each exposed metallic part on the set and a good earth such as a water pipe, as shown in figure 1.
- Use an AC voltmeter, with 1000 ohms/volt or more sensitivity, to measure the potential across the resistor.
- Check each exposed metallic part, and measure the voltage at each point.
- Reverse the AC plug in the AC outlet and repeat each of the above measurements.
- 6. The potential at any point should not exceed 0.75 volts RMS, A leakage current tester (Simpson Model 229 or equivalent) may be used to make the hot check. Leakage current must not exceed 1/2 milliamp. In case a measurement is outside of the limits specified, there is a possibility of a sock hazard, and the monitor should be repaired and rechecked before it is returned to the customer.

### Hot-Check Circuit

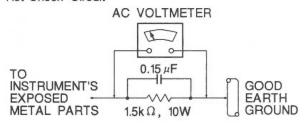


Figure 1

# X-RADIATION

- WARNING: 1. The potential source of X-Radiation in monitors is the High Voltage section and the picture tube.
  - When using a picture tube test jig for service, make sure that the jig is capable of handling 13.0 kV without causing X-Radiation.

**Note:** It is important to use an accurate, periodically calibrated high voltage meter.

- Turn Bright and Contrast controls fully counterclockwise.
- 2. Measure the high voltage. The high voltage meter (electrostatic type) reading should indicate 11.0 kV  $\pm$  1.0 kV. If the meter indication is out of tolerance, immediate service and correction is required to prevent the possibility of premature component failure.
- 3. To prevent an X-Radiation possibility, it is essential to use the specified picture tube.

# HORIZONTAL OSC. DISABLE CIRCUIT TEST

**SERVICE WARNING:** This test must be made as a final check before the monitor is returned to the customer after repairs are made.

- 1. Withe rear cabinet removed, supply nominal 120V AC to set and turn on power switch.
- 2. Adjust customer controls to normal position.

zontal oscillation stops).

- Short collector and emitter of Q801 on main PCB with a jumper wire.
   Confirm that the picture tube screen blacks out (hori-
- 4. If the test fails, Horizontal Oscillator Disable Circuit is not operating and must be repaired. Refer to the Horizontal Oscillator Disable Circuit Repair Procedure.

# HORIZONTAL OSC. DISABLE CIRCUIT REPAIR PROCEDURE

- With the collector and the emitter of Q801 shorted by a jumper wire, connect a DC voltmeter between the anode of D506 and chassis ground. If more than 0.7V is not present on the anode of D506, find the cause. Check D506, R517 and C520.
- Connect a DC voltmeter between the base of Q504 and chassis ground. If more than 0.7V is not present on the base of Q504, find the cause. Check R551.
- 3. If more than 0.7V is present on the base of Q504, find the cause. Check Q504.
- Carefully check above specified parts, and related circuits and parts. When the circuit is repaired, try the horizontal oscillator disable circuit test again.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

Power Source: 120V, 60 Hz (AVR 120V ± 10 %) Power Consumption: 28 Watts (Average)

Picture Tube: 9 inches, 90° deflection Video Input/Output

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$ 

Level: 1.0Vp-p (Composite)
Resolution: Vertical: More than 350
Horizontal: More than 700

(Horizontal at center)
Semiconductors: 14 transistor

12 Diodes 2 ICs Anode Voltage: 11 kV ± 1 kV

(at zero bean current)

Picture Linearity: Vertical: Better than 7%

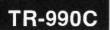
Horizontal: Better than 10% Operating Ambient

Temperature: 32°F  $\sim$  104°F (0°C  $\sim$  +40°C ) Operating Ambient

Humidity:  $20\% \sim 80\%$  Dimensions:

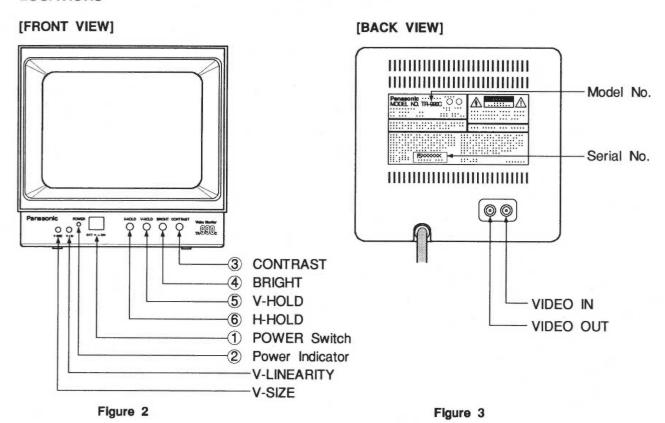
(H× W× D):  $8\frac{21}{32} \times 8\frac{23}{32} \times 9\frac{13}{16}$  inch (220× 221× 249 mm)

Weight: 11 lbs (5.0 kg)



# **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

# **LOCATIONS**

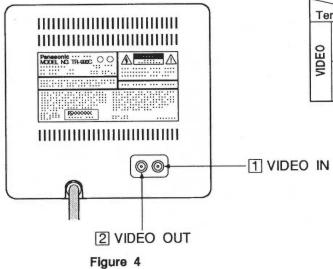


# **OPERATIONS**

① POWER Switch	Push the "Power" switch knob to turn the monitor on. Power indicator ② will light.  Push the knob again to turn the monitor off.  Off On
2 Power Indicator	The Power Indicator will light when the monitor is turned on.
③ CONTRAST Control	Adjust the contrast level for proper overall contrast.
BRIGHT Control	Adjust brightness level for proper overall picture brightness.
⑤ V-HOLD Control	Adjust the V-Hold control if the picture rolls up or down.
6 H-HOLD Control	Adjust the Horizontal Hold until the picture is stabilized, if the picture slips to either side, or appears as a series of horizontal stripes.

# CONNECTIONS

# Terminals on Rear Cover



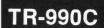
# Signal Level and Terminal Impedance

Ter	minal	Level	Impedance	Remarks
EO	INPUT	1 Vp-p	Auto 75Ω /High	Video signal includes
VIDEO	OUTPUT	1 Vp-p	Auto 75Ω /High	sync signal.

Note:

The video input/output terminals are equipped with "Automatic Termination Switch". If only input signal is applied, they are terminated by 75 ohm, and if both input/output signals applied, they are opened to high impedance.

1 VIDEO IN Terminal	Receives a video signal from outside source.  This signal is available at the VIDEO OUT (Throughout) terminal.
2 VIDEO OUT Terminal	VIDEO IN signal is available at this terminal (Throughout).



# **DISSASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS**

# **REAR CABINET REMOVAL**

1. Remove 5 screws (A) and take rear cabinet off.



Figure 5

# MAIN PCB (A-Board) REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the CRT anode to the ground and disconnect the anode leas from the CRT.
- 2. Disconnect the CN501, CN802.
- 3. Remove the ground wire terminal B.
- 4. Remove the Main chassis screws (C), (D).
- 5. Pull A-Board completely out of the cabinet.

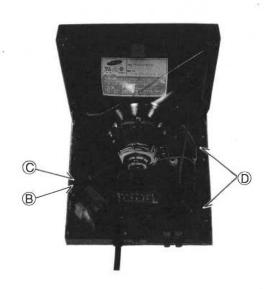


Figure 6

# **ADJUSTMENTS**

# **CHECK B+ VOLTAGE**

- 1. Power on (Without any signal input).
- 2 Test the collector of Q801 by meter and ensure that the voltage of B+ maintain at 12.5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V.

# FREERUN ADJUSTMENT

- This adjustment should be taken in one to five minutes aften SW-on.
- 2. Without apply any signal.
- Clip the signal-connector (red wire) of DY to frequency counter.
- 4. Fixed VR501 (H-Hold VR) at its center.
- 5 Adjust VR515 (H-preset) so that frequency keep to EIA: 15400  $\pm$  50 Hz.

### SUB-BRIGHT CONTROL ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Apply the pattern of Mono scope signal generator.
- Rotate VR401 (V-Hold VR) until the picture vertically hold on.
- Adjust VR301 Contrast VR to the minimum and approach VR302 (Bright VR) at 12-o'clock.
- Adjust VR602 (Sub-Bright VR) so that the raster will just appear.

# YOKE POSITION

The yoke is secured to the neck of the Picture tube with a clamp and screw.

To adjust the yoke and correct for picture tilt, loosen this clamp. Correct tilt and retighten the screw.

### CENTERING

The picture centering device consists of two rings located at the rear of the yoke assembly.

Each ring has a tab for ease of adjustment. The tabs should be rotated and picture is properly centered on the screen of the picture tube.

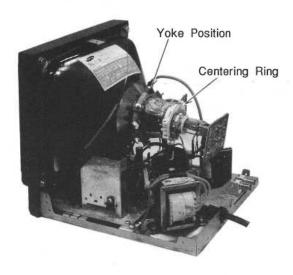


Figure 7

# **VERTICAL SIZE AND VERTICAL LINEARITY**

V-Size (VR408) and V-Lin (VR412) controls should be adjusted simultaneously to give proper vertical size consistent with good vertical linearity.

### **FOCUS**

Set contrast and brightness controls to 12-o'clock. Adjust focus control VR601 to obtain the sharpest and cleareast picture.

### ADJUSTMENT OF DISTORTION AND ROTATION

- 1. Apply the pattern of crosshatch.
- 2. Adjust the eight small pieces of loadstone on DY to minimize distortion and rotation.
- After the two steps above, and YOKE position to check it any change happen. After fine adjustment, the specification is:
  - a: Distortion ...... Maximan 2%
  - b: Raster tilt ..... ± 1%
- 4 After the adjustment above, smear white lacquer on the centering magnet and the eight small pieces of loadstone.

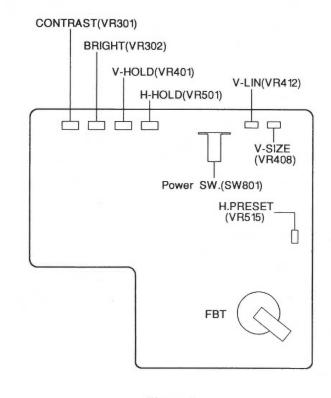


Figure 8

# **CIRCUIT EXPLANATION**

# X-RADIATION PROTECTION CIRCUIT

- Under normal operation conditions, zener diode (D506) is Cut Off since its breakdown voltage is not reched.
- When B+ increases and the Cathode Voltage of the diode exceeds the avalanche voltage, the zener diode (D506) conducts.
- The conduction of D506 raises the base voltage of Q 504 causing it activated.
- Then Q504 begins to operate and makes the base voltage of horizontal drive transistor Q503 nerally equal to zero.
- 5 This causes the Horizontal Oscillator Circuit to stop and reduces the high voltage to zero.

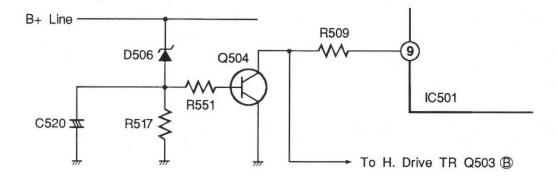
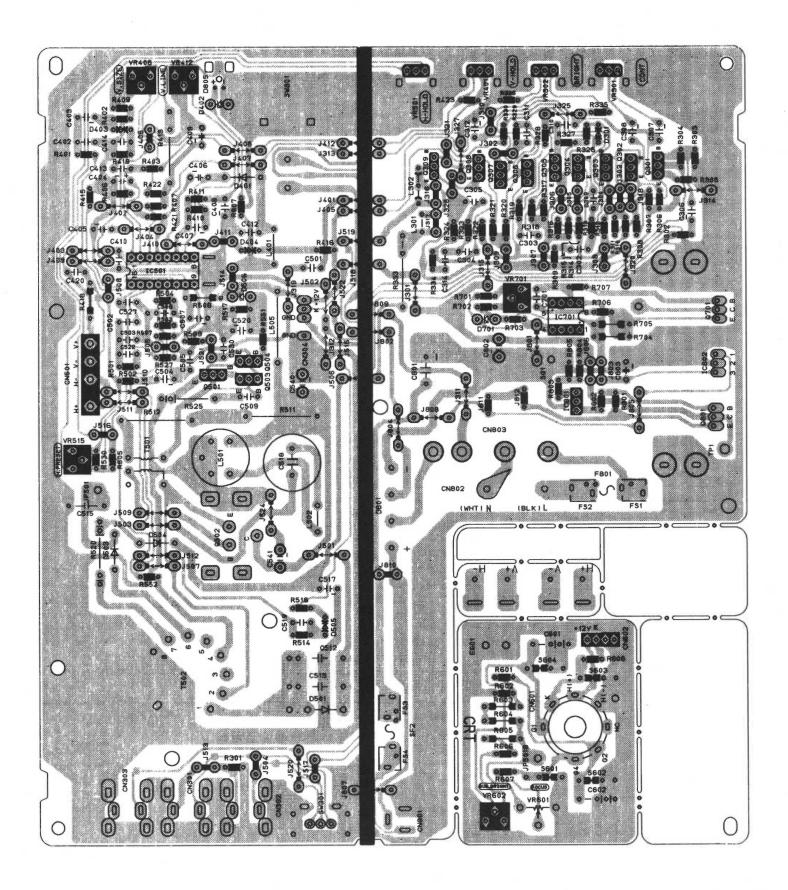


Figure 9

# **CONDUCTOR VIEWS**

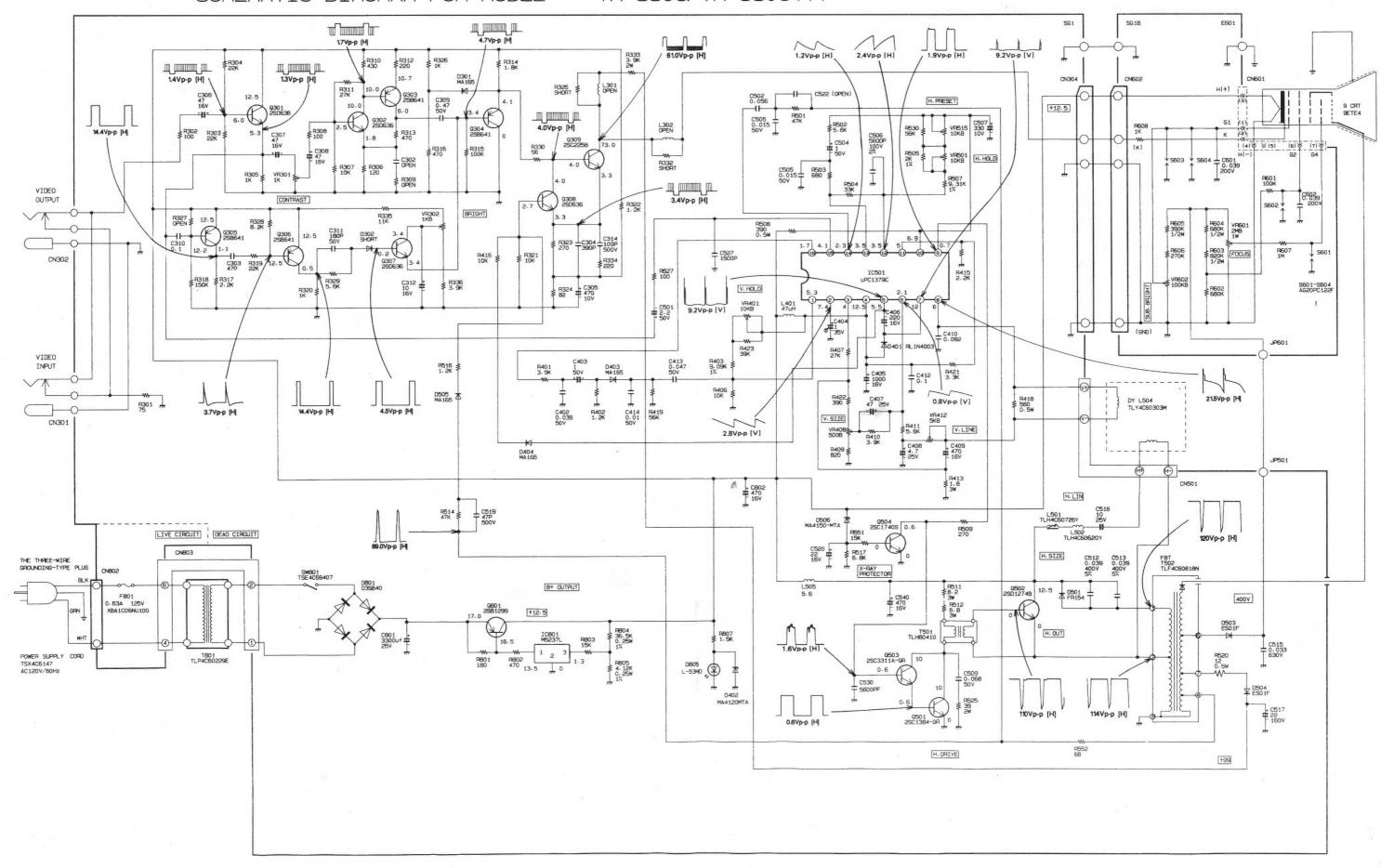




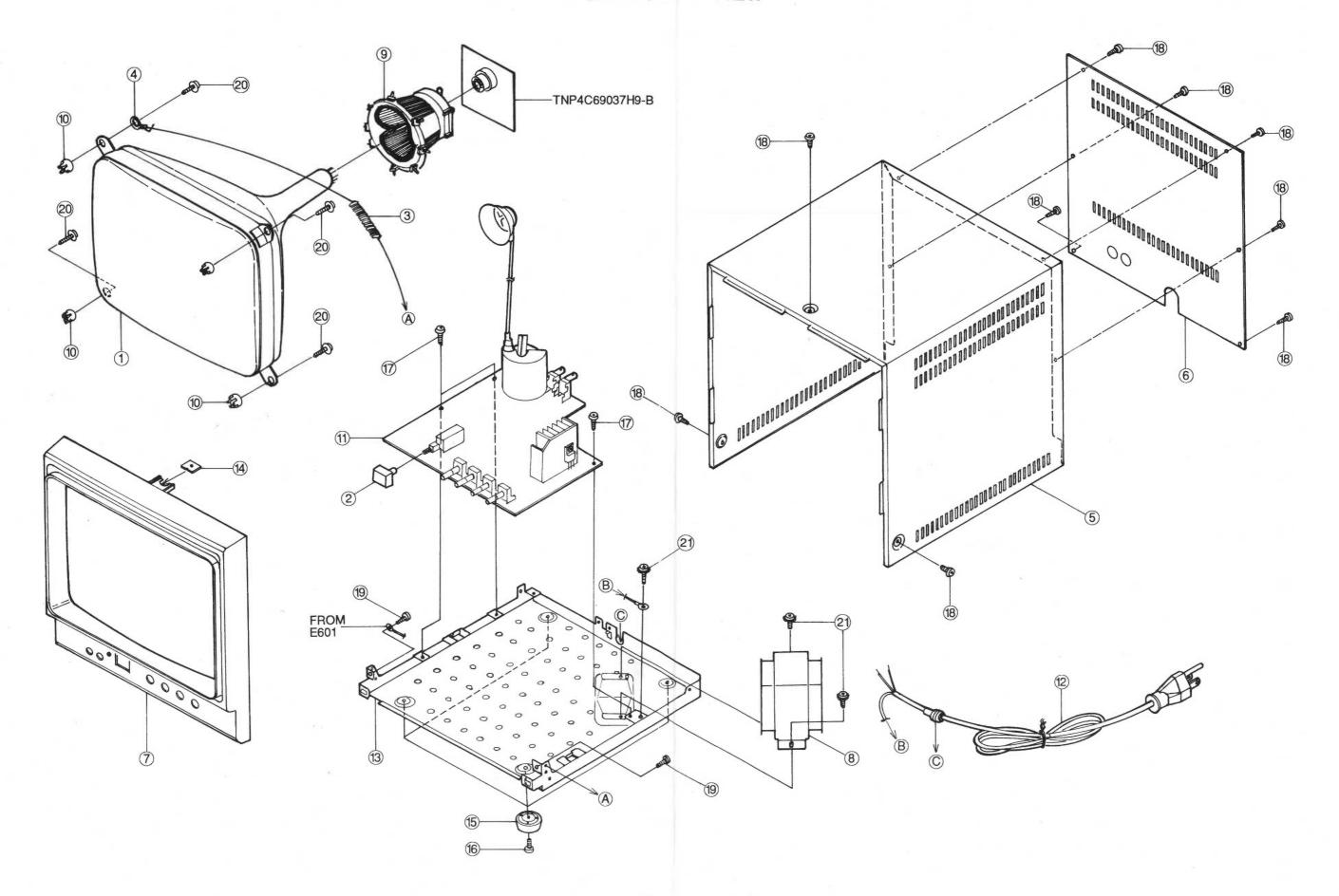
# SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR MODEL TR-990C CHASSIS NO. TMS1

- 1. The features of all parts see page 12~14 parts list.
- 2. Voltage and waveform measurement.
- 3. Voltage and waveforms are measure by oscilloscope receiving a rainbow color bar signal when bright VR is set to minimum and contrast VR is set to maximum position.
- 4. When arrow mark ( / ) is found, connection is earily found along with the direction of an arrow.
- 5 This schematic diagram is the latest at the time of printing and subject to change without notice.

EMITTER COLLECTOR BASE	2SC1740S	EMITTER COLLECTOR BASE	2SD1274B 2SB1299
-> BASE 	2SC1473-QNC 2SC1384-R	EMITTER COLLECTOR BASE	2SC3311A-R
B C E	2SC2258	ECB	2SB641 2SD636



# EXPLODED VIEW



# REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST-

RESISTOR		PARTNAME &	DE	SCRIPTION	C	APACI
		TYPE	A	LLOWANCE		
	C	Carbon	F	± 1%		
	F	Fuse	J	±5%	•	
4	М	Metal Oxide	K	± 10 %		
	S	Solid	М	± 20 %		
	G	Wire Wound	G	± 2 %		
	٧	Vaviable Res.				
	Т	Thick Film Chip Resistor				
Examp	ole:	Part No. ERDS1TJ104TI	D (	Descripti © 100 KΩ (	ion ① 1/4W	

CITOR		PARTNAME &	DE	SCRIPTION		
		TYPE	ALLOWANCE			
	С	Ceramic	С	± 0.25 pF		
	Ε	Electrolytic	D	± 0.5 pF		
	Р	Polyester	F	± 1pF		
	S	Styrol	J	± 5 %		
	T	Tantalum	K	± 10 %		
	PP	Polypropylene	L	± 15 %		
			М	± 20 %		
			Р	+100 % -0 %		
			Z	+80 % -20 %		
		Part No.		Description		

	Part No.		Descrip		
Example:	ECQM1H104JZ3M	P	0.01 uF	<b>(</b>	50V

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REF. NO.	PART NO.		DESC	RIP'	LION	1
	CABINET & MAIN	PARTS		CAPACITORS					
1 🛆	9ETE4	C.R.T (9")	C303	ECCR1H470JG1P	С	47	pF	J	50V
Δ	TBM4C429A	NAME PLATE	C304	ECKR2H391KB1P	C	390	pF	K	500V
2	TBX4C0023-1	SW. KNOB	C305	ECEA1AU471BT	E	470			101
3	TES4C0018-1	CRT EARTH SPRING	C306	ECEA1CU470BT	E	47			16
4	TJE81103	1P TERMINAL	C307	ECEA1CU470BT	E		uF		16
5	TKA4C0002-2	UPPER CASE	C308	ECEA1CU470BT	E	47	uF		16
6	TKC4C0002-5	REAR PLATE	C309	ECQM1H474JZBM	P	0.47		J	50
7 🛆	TKE4C2501	FRONT CABINET PA-765A	C310	ECQM1H104JZ3M	P	0.1	uF	J	50
	TLP4C60229E	POWER TRANS.	C311	ECCR1H181JG1P	C	180	pF	J	50
9 🛆	TLY4C60303M	DEFLECTION YOKE	C312	ECEA1EU100BT	E	10	uF		25
10	TMM4C0049	CRT GUM	C314	ECCR2H101JG1P	C	100	pF	J	500
	TMM81416	WIRE CLAMPER	C402	ECQM1H393KZ3M	P	0.039	uF	K	50
11	TNP4C69037-22	MAINPCBASSY (W/ COMPONMENTS)	C403	ECEA1HU010BT	E	1	uF		50
	TPC4C0363C	PACKING CASE	C404	ECSF1VE105VB	T	1	uF		35
Λ	TQB4C0192A	0/1	C405	ECEA1CU102ET	E	1000			16
	TQD4C0022	WARRANTY CARD	C406	ECEA1CU221BT	E	220			16
	TQD4C0023	SERVICENTER SHEET	C407	ECEA1EU470BT	E		uF		25
	TQD4C0024	UL SAFETY GUIDE	C408	ECEA1HU4R7BT	E	4.7			50
	TQE4C0006	BAG (FOR O/I USE)	C409	ECEA1CU471BT	E	470			16
	TQE8593	BAG (FOR AC CORD USE)	C410		P	0.082		K	50
	TQF4C0278	CAUTION LABEL	C412	ECQM1H104JZ3M	P	0.1		J	50
	TQF4C0360	UPC BAR CODE	C413	ECQM1H473JZ3M	P	0.047		J	50
12 🛆	TSX4C6147	AC CORD SF 003, SJT	C414	ECQM1H103JZ3M	P	0.01		J	50
13	TUX4C0078-1	BOTTOM PLATE	C501	ECEA1HU2R2BT	Ε	2.2			50
14	TUX4C0082	ESC FIXING METAL	C502	ECQM1H563JZ3M	P	0.056		J	50
	TXAPD1990	CUSHION	C503	ECQM1H103JZ3M	P	0.01	uГ	J	50
15	V5LA0006A4	SET LEG	C504	ECEA1HU010BT	E		uF		50
	XZB48X57C05A	SET COVER	C505	ECQM1H153KZ3M	P	0.015	uЕ	K	50
16	XSB3+10FX	SCREW	C506	ECQP1562JZ3M	P	5600		J	100
17	XTB3+8F	SCREW	C507	ECEA1AUH331B	E	330			10
18	XTB3+8FK	SCREW	C509	ECQM1H683JZ3M	P	0.068		J	50
19	XTB4+12G	SCREW	C512	ECQF4393JZBM	P	0.039		Ĵ	400
20	XYA4+BA20FX	SCREW	C513	ECQF4393JZBM	P	0.039		J	400
21	XYA4+EF8	SCREW	C515	ECQE6333KFBM	P	0.033		J	630
			C517	ECEA2CU220BT	E		uF		160

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REF.	PART NO.		DESCRI	PTIO	N
C518	ECEA1EW100ZE	E 40E 051/	110.	DECICTORS				
C5 19	ECCR2H470JG1P	E 10 uF 25V		RESISTORS				
C520		C 47 pF J 500V	Doos	EDDOOT IZEATD		75.0		4 ( 4)11
	ECEA1HUH220B	E 22 uF 50V	-R301	ERDS2TJ750TD	C	75 Ω	J	1/4W
C527	ECQM1H152JZ3M	P 1500 pF J 50V	- R302	ERDS2TJ101TD	C	100 Ω	J	1/4W
C530	ECKR1H562KB1D	C 5600 pF K 50V	R303	ERDS2TJ223TD	C	22K Ω	J	1/4W
C540	ECEA1HUH471E	E 470 uF 50V	R304	ERDS2TJ223TD	C	22K Ω	J	1/4W
C601	ECQE2393KZBM	P 0.039 uF K 200V	R305	ERDS2TJ102TD	C	1ΚΩ	J	1/4W
C602	ECQE2393KZBM	P 0.039 uF K 200V	R306	ERDS2TJ121TD	C	120 Ω	J	1/4W
C801	ECEA1EU332ET	E 3300 uF 25V	R307	ERDS2TJ103TD	C	10K Ω	J	1/4W
C802	ECEA1CU471BT	E 470 uF 16V	R308	ERDS2TJ101TD	C	100 Ω	J	1/4W
			R310	ERDS2TJ431TD	C	430 Ω	J	1/4W
	DIODES		R311	ERDS2TJ273TD	C	27ΚΩ	J	1/4W
			R312	ERDS2TJ221TD	C	220 Ω	J	1/4W
D301	MA165TA5VT	DIODE	R313	ERDS2TJ471TD	C	470 Ω	J	1/4W
D401	1N4003TB26	DIODE	R314	ERDS2TJ182TD	C	1.8KΩ	J	1/4W
D402	MA4120MTA	DIODE	R315	ERDS2TJ104TD	C	100K Ω	J	1/4W
D403	MA165TA5VT	DIODE	R316	ERDS2TJ471TD	C	470 Ω	J	1/4W
D404	MA165TA5VT	DIODE	R317	ERDS2TJ222TD	C	2.2KΩ	J	1/4W
D501	FR154-T	DIODE	R318	ERDS2TJ154TD	C	150K Ω	J	1/4W
D503	ES01FV0-H	DIODE	R319	ERDS2TJ223TD	C	22K Ω	J	1/4W
D504	ES01FV0-H	DIODE	R320	ERDS2TJ102TD	C	1K Ω	J	1/4W
D505	MA165TA5VT	DIODE	R321	ERDS2TJ103TD	C	10K Ω	J	1/4W
D506	MA4150MTA	DIODE	R322	ERDS2TJ122TD	C	1.2KΩ	J	1/4W
△ D801	D3SB40	DIODE	R323	ERDS2TJ271TD	C	270 Ω	J	1/4W
D805	L-53HD	LED	R324	ERDS2TJ820TD	C	82 Ω	J	1/4W
D805	TKK4C0034	LED HOUSING	R326	ERDS2TJ102TD	C	1ΚΩ	J	1/4W
			R328	ERDS2TJ822TD	C	8.2KΩ	J	1/4W
			R329	ERDS2TJ562TD	C	5.6KΩ	J	1/4W
1	I.C		R330	ERDS2TJ560TD	C	56 Ω	J	1/4W
			R333	ERG2SJ392H	M	3.9K Ω	J	2W
IC501	UPC1379C	IC (16 PIN)	R334	ERDS2TJ221TD	C	220 Ω	J	1/4W
IC801	M5237L	IC (3 PIN)	R335	ERDS2TJ113TD	C	11K Ω	J	1/4W
			R336	ERDS2TJ392TD	C	3.9KΩ	J	1/4W
1	COILS		R401	ERDS2TJ392TD	C	3.9KΩ	J	1/4W
			R402	ERDS2TJ122TD	C	1.2KΩ	J	1/4W
L401	TLT470K186T	COIL	R403	EROS2TKF9091K	М	9.09KΩ	F	1/4W
△ L501	TLH4C60726Y	WIDTH COIL	R406	ERDS2TJ103TD	C	10K Ω	J	1/4W
L502	TLH4C60620Y	H. LINEARITY COIL	R407	ERDS2TJ273TD	C	27ΚΩ	J	1/4W
L505	TLT056K109	PEAKING COIL	R409	ERDS2TJ821TD	C	820 Ω	J	1/4W
			R410	ERDS2TJ392TD	C	3.9K Ω	J	1/4W
	TRANSISTORS		R411	ERDS2TJ562TD	C	5.6KΩ	J	1/4W
			R413	ERX3SJ1R8H	М	1.8 Ω	J	3W
Q301	2SD636-QRS	TRANSISTOR	R415	ERDS2TJ222TD	C	2.2KΩ	J	1/4W
Q302	2SD636-QRS	TRANSISTOR	R416	ERDS2TJ103TD	C	10ΚΩ	J	1/4W
Q303	2SB641-QRS	TRANSISTOR	R418	ERDS1TJ561TD	C	560 Ω	J	1/2W
Q304	2SB641-QRS	TRANSISTOR	R419	ERDS2TJ563TD	C	56K Ω	Ĵ	1/4W
Q305	2SB641-QRS	TRANSISTOR	R421	ERDS2TJ332TD	C	3.3KΩ	J	1/4W
Q306	2SB641-QRS	TRANSISTOR	R422	ERDS2TJ391TD	C	390 Ω	J	1/4W
Q307	2SD636-QRS	TRANSISTOR	R423	ERDS2TJ393TD	C	39K Ω	J	1/4W
Q308	2SD636-QRS	TRANSISTOR	R501	ERDS2TJ473TD	C	47KΩ	J	1/4W
Q309	2SC2258	TRANSISTOR	R502	ERDS2TJ562TD	C	5.6KΩ	J	1/4W
Q501	2SC1384QR	TRANSISTOR	R503	ERDS2TJ681TD	C	680 Ω	Ĵ	1/4W
Q502	2SD1274B	TRANSISTOR (D1274B)	R504	ERDS2TJ333TD	C	33K Ω	J	1/4W
Q503	2SC3311AQRTA	TRANSISTOR	R505	EROS2TKF2001K	М	2ΚΩ	F	1/4W
Q504	2SC1740STPS	TRANSISTOR	R507	EROS2TKF9311K	М	9.31ΚΩ	F	1/4W
Q801	2SB1299	TRANSISTOR	R508	ERDS1TJ391TD	C	390 Ω	J	1/2W
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REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R509 R511 R512 R514 R516 R517 R520 R525 R527 R530 R551 R552 R601 R602 R603 R604 R605 R606 R607 R608 R801 R802 R803 R804 R805 R807	ERDS2TJ271TD ERX3SJ8R2H ERX3SJ6R8H ERDS2TJ473TD ERDS2TJ122TD ERDS2TJ682TD ERQ12HJ120P ERG1SJ390P ERDS2TJ101TD ERDS2TJ563TD ERDS2TJ563TD ERDS2TJ1680TD ERDS2TJ1684TD ERDS2TJ1684TD ERDS1TJ824TD ERDS1TJ824TD ERDS1TJ394TD ERDS2TJ105TD ERDS2TJ105TD ERDS2TJ105TD ERDS2TJ105TD ERDS2TJ105TD ERDS2TJ105TD ERDS2TJ105TD ERDS2TJ153TD ERDS2TJ153TD ERDS2TJ153TD ERDS2TJ153TD ERDS2TJ153TD ERDS2TJ153TD EROS2TKF3652K EROS2TKF4121K ERDS2TJ152TD	C 270 Ω J 1/4W M 8.2 Ω J 3W M 6.8 Ω J 3W C 47KΩ J 1/4W C 1.2KΩ J 1/4W C 6.8KΩ J 1/4W F 12 Ω J 1/2W M 39 Ω J 1W C 100 Ω J 1/4W C 56KΩ J 1/4W C 56KΩ J 1/4W C 15KΩ J 1/4W C 68 Ω J 1/4W C 680KΩ J 1/4W C 680KΩ J 1/2W C 680KΩ J 1/2W C 680KΩ J 1/2W C 390KΩ J 1/2W C 390KΩ J 1/2W C 390KΩ J 1/2W C 1MΩ J 1/4W C 1KΩ J 1/4W C 1KΩ J 1/4W C 1KΩ J 1/4W C 15KΩ J 1/4W C 1.5KΩ J 1/4W	△ CN302 CN304 CN501 △ CN601 CN602 CN803 E601 △ F801 FS1 FS2 JP501 SG1	OTHERS  HXC033001210  HXC033001210  TXAJT5P1990  TJS7551-04J  TJS25640V  TJS878204  TJS0861-06N2S  TXAJT1P1990  XBA1C06NU100  SN5057  SN5057  TXAJT1P2990  TXAJT1P3990  TXAJT1P3990  TXAJT1P3990  TXAJT1P3990  TXAJT4C0043-8  TUC4C0108  TXAJT4P1990  XTV3+10C  XWGT40660	BNC CONNECTOR BNC CONNECTOR 5P CONNECTOR 4P BASE CRT SOCKET 4P BASE 6P BASE 1P TERMINAL WIRE AC FUSE 630mA 125V FUSE HOLDER FUSE HOLDER 1P TERMINAL WIRE SOWER SW. SDLB1PA 250V 5A HEAT SINK HEAT SINK 4P CONNECTOR SCREW WASHER
VR302 VR401 VR408 VR412	TRANSFORMERS  TLH80410 TLF4C60818N  VARIABLE RES.  EVUE2AS25B13F EVUE2AS25B13F EVUE2AS25B14F TAV1028B501 TAV1028B502 EVUE2AS25B14F	H. DRIVE TRANS. FLYBACK TRANS. $ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
VR515 VR601	TAV1028B103 EVMJ6U10KB26 TAV1028B104	H.PRESET 10KΩB FOCUS 2MΩB SUB BRIGHT 100KΩB	22		